

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (3x)^{n+1}}{n+1} = 3x - \frac{(3x)^2}{2} + \frac{(3x)^3}{3} - \frac{(3x)^4}{4} + \dots - \frac{(-1)^n (3x)^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

The Maclaurin series for the function f is given by

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2x)^{n+1}}{n+1} = 2x + \frac{4x^2}{2} + \frac{8x^3}{3} + \frac{16x^4}{4} + \dots + \frac{(2x)^{n+1}}{n+1} + \dots$$

(b) error bound $\left| \frac{(3x)^5}{5} \right| \leq 0.005$

on its interval of convergence.

a) Find the interval of convergence of the Maclaurin series for f .

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{(3x)^{n+2}}{n+2} \cdot \frac{n+1}{(3x)^{n+1}} \right| = |3x|$$

$-\frac{1}{3} < x < \frac{1}{3}$

$\leq \frac{243(1)^5}{5} \leq 0.000486$

$x = -\frac{1}{3}$ Diverges $\rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (-1)^{n+1}}{n+1} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{2n+1}}{n+1}$ Compare to $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$ Harmonic

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{n+1}\right)} = \frac{n+1}{n} = 1$$

$x = \frac{1}{3}$ Conditional convergence $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n+1}$ Compare to $A1 +$ Harmonic

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{n+1}\right)} = \frac{n+1}{n} = 1$$

b. Find the first four terms and the general term for the Maclaurin series for $f'(x)$

$$f'(x) = 3 - 9x + 27x^2 - 81x^3$$

general term $\frac{(-1)^n (n+1) (3x)^{n+1} \cdot 3}{(n+1)} = (-1)^n 3 (3x)^{n+1}$

c. Find the function that represents the sum of the series in part (b)

$$\text{Sum} = f'(x) = \frac{3}{1+3x}$$

d. Use the answer you found in part (c) to find the value of $f'\left(\frac{-1}{2}\right)$

$$f'\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{3}{1+3\left(\frac{-1}{2}\right)} = \frac{3}{1-\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{3}{-\frac{1}{2}} = -6$$